Sources of multiparticle correlations – a microscopic perspective

Christian Bierlich, bierlich@hep.lu.se Department of Physics, Lund University Nov 9, 2023, WPCF 2023 Catania



Thank you for the invitation! (DALL-E 3)



Collectivity in small systems: is it still interesting?

• Needs no introduction: more than 10 years old now.



(ALICE: arXiv:1606.07424)

The PYTHIA perspective (arXiv:2203.11601)

• General purpose Monte Carlo based on jet universality and factorization theorem(s) .



- Complex beasts even without QGP.
- And QGP breaks the fundamental assumptions.

Microscopic view on collectivity

- Can PYTHIA save itself, without introducing QGP?
- Answer: Microscopic, string interaction model.
- If this works well, can it also work in heavy ions?
- If yes, where does it leave the QGP?

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- If yes, where does it leave the QGP?
- Answer: These are very good questions
- Rest of this talk:
 - 1. Microscopic model ingredients: string shoving, colour reconnection, rope formation, hadronic rescattering.
 - 2. Performance against pp data.
 - 3. Performance against AA data.
 - 4. Distinguishing between string interactions and QGP.

Fragmentation of a single string (Phys.Rept. 97 (1983) 31-145)

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But many strings overlap in pp collisions!

Shoving: The cartoon picture (arXiv:1710.09725,2010.07595)

- Strings push each other in transverse space.
- Colour-electric fields \rightarrow classical force.



- **d** Transverse-space geometry.
- Particle production mechanism.
- ?? String radius and shoving force

Shape of the field

- Easier analytic approaches, eg. bag model: $\kappa = \pi R^2 [(\Phi/\pi R^2)^2/2 + B]$
- No consensus on R with field shape as input.
- Lattice can provide shape, but uncertain R.



• Solution: Keep shape fixed, but *R* ballpark-free.

The shoving force

- Energy in field, in condensate and in magnetic flux.
- Let g determine fraction in field, and normalization N is given:

$$E = N \exp(-\rho^2/2R^2)$$

 Interaction energy calculated for transverse separation d_⊥, giving a force:

$$f(d_{\perp}) = \frac{g \kappa d_{\perp}}{R^2} \exp\left(-\frac{d_{\perp}^2}{4R^2}\right)$$

 Distance calculated in "shoving frame", resolved as two-string interactions.

- Inclusive flow observables well reproduced.
- Add a hard probe trigger, interactions handled.
- In Pythia. Download and play around.



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String shoving in AA (arXiv:1806.10820,2010.07595)

- Starting point: Angantyr, Pythia heavy ion model (ask...).
- Geometry difficult: Parallel frame.
- Gluon-rich environments difficult: String EOMs.
- Time evolution difficult: Parton shower formalism.
- Many pushes difficult: Cache and add to hadrons.
- N^2 scaling difficult: Buy a new computer.

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- Model behaves like hydro for such initial states.
- Work continues to fully generalize and integrate.



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Should the strings/prehadrons not be melting? (2205.11170)

- Energy density too high, strings must be melting (PHSD, CGC energy densities, ...)
- At early times, energy primarily in partons .



• Flow signals alone cannot discriminate.

Rope Hadronization (arXiv:1412.6259 – explored heavily in 80's and 90's!)

• Overlapping strings combine into multiplet with effective string tension $\tilde{\kappa}$.

Effective string tension from the lattice \tilde{c}

$$\kappa \propto C_2 \Rightarrow \frac{\kappa}{\kappa_0} = \frac{C_2(\text{multiplet})}{C_2(\text{singlet})}.$$

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Strangeness enhanced by:

$$\rho_{LEP} = \exp\left(-\frac{\pi(m_s^2 - m_u^2)}{\kappa}\right) \to \tilde{\rho} = \rho_{LEP}^{\kappa_0/\kappa}$$

- QCD + geometry extrapolation from LEP.
- Can never do better than LEP initial conditions!

A question for data! (in preparation)

- If string melts, it's correlations should vanish.
- Special role of ϕ meson in Lund string model.



(Figure credit: David Chinellato)

- Use the ϕ as a trigger, and look for correlations along the string (rapidity).
- Work in progress with <u>Stefano Cannito</u> and Valentina Zaccolo (ALICE, Trieste).

Reveals difference between models (in preparation)

- Case study: EPOS-4 vs. Pythia with strings.
- Reveals differences at both small and large multiplicities.



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- Small system collectivity as relevant a puzzle as ever.
- Microscopic models for string interactions to solve the puzzle.
- Performance in pp remarkable, better than hydro in several cases.
- Work ongoing for AA collisions, challenging but encouraging results.
- Work ongoing for isolating discriminating signals, focus on pp.

- 1. The Angantyr model.
- 2. Some Angantyr results.
- 3. The PYTHIA hadronic cascade.
- 4. Some hadronic cascade results.

- Emission $F(\eta)$ per wounded nucleon $\rightarrow \frac{\mathrm{d}N}{\mathrm{d}\eta} = n_t F(\eta) + n_p F(-\eta).$
- $F(\eta)$ modelled with even gaps in rapidity, as diffraction.
- Tuned to reproduce pp in the $n_t = n_p = 1$ case.
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 - Centrality measures & multiplicities.
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Hadronic Rescattering (arXiv:2103.09665, arXiv:2005.05658, arXiv:1808.04619)

- Pythias own implementation, some difference to others.
- Hadron production vertices from strings: Earlier hadronization $\tau \approx 2$ fm.
- Momentum-space to space-time breakup vertices through string EOM: $v_i = \frac{\hat{x}_i^+ p^+ + \hat{x}_i^- p^-}{\kappa}$
- Hadron located between vertices: $v_i^h = \frac{v_i + v_{i+1}}{2} \left(\pm \frac{p_h}{2\kappa} \right)$



- Formalism also handles complex topologies.
- Hadron cross sections from Regge theory or data, AQM for heavy quarks.

• Crucial for large systems, very sensitive to system lifetime.



• Not trivial to combine effects!

Hadronic rescattering and flavour (arXiv:2103.09665)

- Crucial for large systems, very sensitive to system lifetime.
- AQM the best we can do for HF, many interesting prospects.

